[338. Counting Bits](https://leetcode.com/problems/counting-bits/)

Easy

9.2K

442

Companies

Given an integer n, return *an array*ans*of length*n + 1*such that for each*i(0 <= i <= n)*,*ans[i]*is the****number of***1***'s****in the binary representation of*i.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** n = 2

**Output:** [0,1,1]

**Explanation:**

0 --> 0

1 --> 1

2 --> 10

**Example 2:**

**Input:** n = 5

**Output:** [0,1,1,2,1,2]

**Explanation:**

0 --> 0

1 --> 1

2 --> 10

3 --> 11

4 --> 100

5 --> 101

**Constraints:**

* 0 <= n <= 105

**Follow up:**

* It is very easy to come up with a solution with a runtime of O(n log n). Can you do it in linear time O(n) and possibly in a single pass?
* Can you do it without using any built-in function (i.e., like \_\_builtin\_popcount in C++)?